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## The cask of amontillado

P31675\_en

Sisè Concurs de Programació de la UPC - Final (2008-10-01)

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*The thousand injuries of Fortunato I had borne as I best could; but when he ventured upon insult, I vowed revenge... We continued our route in search of the amontillado. We passed through a range of low arches, descended, passed on, and descending again, arrived at a deep crypt... I forced the last stone into its position; I plastered it up... In pace requiescat!*

With the excuse of sampling a cask of amontillado, Montessor has guided poor drunken Fortunato through the catacombs under Montessor's palace. There, in a very remote crypt, Montessor has immured Fortunato inside a hidden niche. Now Montessor wants to return to the chamber where they started their route, but he has forgotten the way to get there. Fortunately, Montessor has a map of the catacombs, which shows all the chambers and their direct connections. (Note that some steps are so difficult that it may be possible to pass from one chamber  $u$  to another  $v$ , but not directly back from  $v$  to  $u$ .) The map also shows which chambers contain amontillado.

Montessor and Fortunato went from a starting chamber  $x$  to another chamber  $y$  where they are now. Ironically, Montessor knows that there is no path from  $x$  to any chamber with amontillado. Montessor also knows that it is possible to go from  $y$  back to  $x$ . However, he cannot identify which is  $x$  nor which is  $y$  in the map. Please help him by computing the number of possible combinations for  $x$  and  $y$  that are consistent with all this information.

### Input

Input consists of several cases. Each one begins with the number of chambers  $n$ , a number  $c$ , and  $c$  different chambers that contain amontillado. Follows a number  $m$ , and  $m$  different pairs  $u v$  (with  $u \neq v$ ) denoting that there is a direct connection from  $u$  to  $v$ . Assume  $0 \leq n \leq 10000$ ,  $0 \leq c \leq n$ , and  $0 \leq m \leq 10n$ . The chambers are numbered from 0 to  $n - 1$ .

### Output

For every case, print its number, followed by the number of combinations for  $x$  and  $y$  that are consistent with Montessor's knowledge.

#### Sample input

```
5 1 2
6 0 3 3 0 2 3 1 2 1 4 4 1
8 0
7 1 3 0 3 0 1 5 0 3 0 7 6 0 4
```

#### Sample output

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Case #1: 2
Case #2: 6
```

### Problem information

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