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The Virtual Learning Environment for Computer Programming

Sliding window 1

Recall that a string (genomic sequence) can be split in words of length 3 (codons) by sliding a window of size 3 over the string, with a step size of 3. More in general, a string can be split in overlapping words of length x and overlap size x - y by sliding a window of size x and step size y over the string. For example, sliding a window of size 3 and step size 2 over the string TATAAT gives the overlapping words TAT and TAA.

Write code for the sliding window problem. The program must implement and use the SLIDING-WINDOW function in the pseudocode discussed in class, which is iterative and is not allowed to perform input/output operations. Make one submission with Python code and another submission with C++ code.

Input

The input is a string *s* over the alphabet $\Sigma = \{A, C, G, T\}$, an integer *x* (the window size), and an integer *y* (the step size).

Output

The output is all substrings of *s* of size *x* starting at positions 1, 1 + y, 1 + 2y, ...

Sample input 1	Sample output 1
ACGGTAGACCT 3 1	ACG CGG GGT TAG AGA GAC ACC CCT
Sample input 2	Sample output 2
ACGGTAGACCT 3 3	ACG GTA GAC
Sample input 3	Sample output 3
ACGGTAGACCT 3 5	ACG AGA
Sample input 4	Sample output 4
ACGGTAGACCT 5 2	ACGGT GGTAG TAGAC GACCT

Hint

Notice that there are no "partial" substrings of s (of size smaller than x) in the output.

Problem information

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