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The Virtual Learning Environment for Computer Programming

Subwords 2

A nucleic acid or amino acid sequence of length n can be seen as composed of a number of possibly overlapping k-mers or words of length k, for $1 \le k \le n$. An interesting problem is the generation of all the words of length k contained in a genomic sequence with n nucleotides, for all k with $1 \le k \le n$. That is, the generation of all the subwords of a genomic sequence of length n.

Write code for the subwords problem. The program must implement and use the SUB-WORDS function in the pseudocode discussed in class, which is recursive and is not allowed to perform input/output operations. Make one submission with Python code and another submission with C++ code.

Input

The input is a string *s* over the alphabet $\Sigma = \{A, C, G, T\}$.

Output

The output is a sorted list of all the nonempty subwords of *s*, without repetitions.

Sample input	Sample output
TATAAT	A
	AA
	AAT
	AT
	ATA
	ATAA
	ATAAT
	Т
	TA
	TAA
	TAAT
	TAT
	TATA
	TATAA
	TATAAT

Problem information

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