Jutge.org

The Virtual Learning Environment for Computer Programming

Lists	(1)
-------	-----

X65154_en

You have to program several functions. In each case, few lines of code are enough.

- 1. Write an integer function *count_diff(f)* that given a list of integers *f* returns the number of different values in the list.
- 2. Write a float function product(u, v) that given two float lists representing two vectors returns the scalar product. You can assume both lists have the same length and are non empty.
- 3. Write a function *delete_multiples*(*k*, *f*) that provided an integer *k* greater than zero and a list of integers returns the list of numbers in *f* that are not multiple of *k*. Numbers in the resulting list must preserve their relative order in *f*.
- 4. Write a function *erato*(*n*) that returns the ordered list of prime numbers that are less than natural *n*. Your code has to implement the algorithm known as *Sieve of Eratos-thenes*. This algorithm is one of the most efficient ways to find all of the smaller primes. It is named after Eratosthenes of Cyrene, a Greek mathematician.
- 5. Write a function *merge*(*f*, *g*) that provided two ordered list of integers *f* and *g* returns and ordered list of integers formed by elements of *f* and *g*. *Warning:* do not use any kind of sorting function.

Scoring

Every function counts 20 points.

Sample session

```
>>> count_diff([3, -1, 0, 3 ,2, 0])
4
>>> product([1/3, 0, -1], [3/2, 1/2, 2])
-1.5
>>> delete_multiples(2, [6, 3, -2, -5, 7])
[3, -5, 7]
>>> erato(30)
[2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29]
>>> merge([1, 2, 5, 9], [-3, 0, 2, 11, 12, 13])
[-3, 0, 1, 2, 2, 5, 9, 11, 12, 13]
```

Problem information

Author : Jorge Castro Generation : 2016-11-06 15:43:56

© *Jutge.org*, 2006–2016. http://www.jutge.org